

Agenda

- Introductions
- Search Basics
- What you have to give up forever
- Animal sacrifice
 - Which animals and how
- Eye-teeth: do you need them?
- Getting alone without your first-born

Agenda

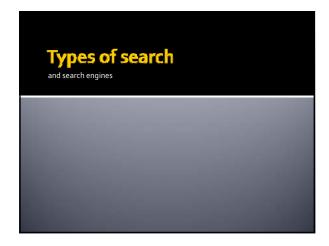
- Introductions
- Types of search
- How search engines work
- Basic Approach and Techniques
 - Tools included
- Paid search
 - An overview
- What not to do, what to always do
 - A review

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Introduction	
Who is this guy?	
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Europianos	
Experience	
12+ years of experience	
 Full range of development 	
Project Management	
Environmental Metrics and SEO	
 Graphic and User-Interface design 	-
Coding	
Content Writing	
 Database design/management 	
Server Development	
Experience	
3 years - Mercy Hospital - Webmaster	
 6 years – Iowa Public Television – Webmaster 3 years – Ovation Marketing – Web Manager 	
Southeast Technical College	
 Webmaster/Developer 	
Teaching @ Western Technical College Dreamweaver I, II, III	
E-Commerce	
 Freelance projects for small businesses 	







Types of search

- Organic Search
 - Search indexed for free
 - Our main focus
- Media Search
 - Maps, Images, Video, etc.
- Social Search
 - Facebook, Twitter, etc.
- Paid Search
 - Will discuss briefly

Types of search engines Coogle AND Processor IN MARKSTON IN MARKST

One that matters? Maybe... Leading Search Engine Gaye of market share Translatable practices Free tools Cutting-edge Matter layer blook for a layer of the lay

How Search Engines Work To the best of our knowledge

What happens when we search

- Enter search term
- Site searches its indexes
 - Does not search pages for results
- Results returned by relevance



Important notes

- Search engines index page content
 - Think page not site
 - Spiders, Gophers, and noBots to the work
 - Jump, burrow, plod from link to link to find pages
- Terms are the key
 - Term: word, or set of words, used to find content
 - "puppies" does not equal "puppies for adoption"
 - Term must be **relevant** to content
 - More relevant = Higher score = Closer to top

How is relevance scored?

- No one knows exactly
- Important factors
 - Title of page
 - Headings
 - Number of time the term appears
 - Links to page from other sites
 - Should be *good* links

Basic Approach The meat of the story	

Basic Approach

- 1. Evaluate your site
- 2. Choose your playing fields
- 3. Pick your search terms
- 4. Pick page(s) for each term(s)
- 5. Optimize your pages
 - 1. Optimize Content
 - 2. Optimize Code
- 6. Get linked
- 7. Keep track of results

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- Examine how the site is doing now
 - Terms used
 - Placement on terms
 - Page Errors
- **Tool:** Google Webmaster Tools
 - www.google.com/webmasters/tools

2. Choose your playing fields

- Who is your user?
- Where will people search for you?
- What will they want?
 - Online products? Images? Contact information?
- Keep this in mind when optimizing
- Tool: Google Analytics
 - www.google.com/analytics

2. Choose your playing fields

Knowing your user is the most important aspect to success on the Internet. The value of this knowledge cannot be overstated.

3. Pick your search terms	
Choose terms people useKeep it simple!	
Don't be too generalSpecificity generates good traffic!	
Don't make it a guessing gameUse keyword tools	
 Tool: Google AdWords https://adwords.google.com/select/KeywordToolExternal 	
4. Pick pages for your terms	
4. Fick pages for your terms	
 Which pages will use which terms One term per page (maybe two) 	
 Make sure the term is <u>relevant</u> to the content "About Us" page is critical 	
 Home page is less important 	
- 0-1	
5. Optimize your pages	
 Two steps to optimization a) Optimize your content 	
b) Optimize your code	

5a. Optimize your pages

- Term(s) should appear...
 - In the page title
 - <title></title> tag
 - With site name
 - Should be descriptive
 - e.g. "MySite.com Web Development in Mauston"
 - Several times in content
 - 4 6 times is optimal

5a. Optimize your pages

- At least one heading per page
 - <h1>Web Development in Mauston </h1>
 - Stick to 1 <h1> per page
- More headings help
 - <h2>,<h3>,...<h6>
- Keep heading text relevant

5b. Optimize your code

- HTML changes
 - "Easy" HTML code
 - Content Management Systems (CMS) help
- Three things to consider
 - Meta tags in pages
 - Description, Keywords
 - "Alt" attributes for images
 - Sitemap for spiders and bots

5b. Optimize your code

- Meta tags <meta>
 - Information about the page
- Two common types of meta tags
 - Description
 - Keywords

5b. Optimize your code

- Description meta tags
 - Describe content
 - Used to some extent by search engines
 - Should be descriptive
 - Must be brief
- Example:
 - " <meta name="Description" content="Author: A.N.
 Author, Illustrator: P. Picture, Category: Books,
 Price: \$17.99, Length: 784 pages" />

5b. Optimize your code

- Keyword meta tags
 - Summarily ignored by most search engines
 - Too prone to abuse
 - Irrelevant to content
 - Can be a reminder to you, however
- Example:
 - " <meta name="Keywords" content="Web Development,
 Mauston, Wisconsin, Graphic Design, Web Hosting" />

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5b. Optimize your code

- "Alt" attributes
- Image descriptions
- Great for image searches
- Great for text searches too!
- Example:
 - "

5b. Optimize your code

- Sitemaps
- XML documents
- List pages and links
- Help search engines find content
- By hand?
 - I don't think so!
- Tool: XML Sitemaps
 - www.xml-sitemaps.com

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

xmlns="http://www.sitemaps.org/schemas/sitemap/o.g" xmlns.xsi="http://www.wg.org/zooz/XMLSchema-instance" xsi-schemaLocation="http://www.sitemaps.org/schemas/sitemap/o. http://www.sitemaps.org/schemas/sitemap/o.ghitemap.xsd">

<ur><ur><lo>http://www.montet.org/

</ur>

<loc>http://www.montet.org/default.aspx</loc> </ur>

<loc>http://www.montet.org/Portfolio/default.aspx</loc> </ur>

<loc>http://www.montet.org/WTC/index.aspx</loc>
</ur>

<p

<loc>http://www.montet.org/pdf/Lecture_UserFriendlyWebDes n_sper.pdf</loc>

6. Get linked

- Add links whenever possible
- Consider
 - Email signature
 - Blog comment posts
 - Vendors and clients
- Use good text
 - Text helps search indexes
 - Avoid URL links and "Click Here"
 - They are of no help

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7. Keep track of results

- Check your statics monthly
- Adjust page content first!
 - Adjust page code second
- Update sitemaps quarterly
- Keep track of competition
- Don't overreact

Paid search How do you get to the top? Money.

Results show up as "Sponsored Links" or "Sponsored Results" Google leads industry AdWords AdSense Yahoo! and Bing too

Paid Search – how to play

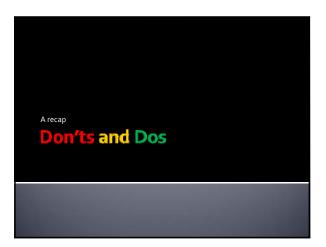
- Bid on keywords
- Pay per click
- You set spending limit
 - Per term/per month
- Highest bids appear higher
- Can be tuned for location
 - BIG advantage for small business
- Tool: Google AdWords
 - http://adwords.google.com



Paid Search – how everyone plays

- Google AdSense
- Shows paid ads on Web sites
- Site owners get paid per click
- No money down!
- Cyber-squatters love this stuff
 - Example: www.doge.com





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What you should <i>never</i> do	
The things that will get you blackballed	
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Do NOT	
Use hidden links or text	-
Cloak your site	
 Different site for search engines and users 	
Submit sites automatically	
Use irrelevant keywords Ondersations	
Or descriptionsUse frames	
- Ose Harries	
	-
And the second second	
More things not to do	
 Create duplicate content 	
 Even across different sites 	
 Use "doorway" pages just for search engines 	
 Including affiliate programs without adding content 	
Trust SEO experts with "guarantees"*	
Especially hosting companies	
Trade links – I mean it!	

If you get blackballed...

- NONE of you pages will EVER show up
- You need to...
 - Fix the issue(s)
 - May need a full redesign
 - Rename and rebuild pages
 - Submit your site for reconsideration
 - Humans make the decision

What you should always do Best Practices

You should always...

- Fill your site with good content
- Write content for your user, not search
 - Good for one = good for the other
- Use good static text links everywhere
- Use "alt" attribute for all images
- Use good titles
 - Site Name Page Name

You should always...

- Use a heading on each page
- Use good page titles
- Include good description meta tags
- Add good "alt" attributes to images
- Use a site map
- Be very careful with Flash
 - e.g. <u>www.smartwool.com</u>



